

## ECE 221 – ELECTRIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS I

Type (check one): Required:   X   Elective:       

**2005-2006 Catalog Data:** ECE 221. ELECTRIC Circuit Analysis I. (Formerly EE 221) Fundamental electrical concepts: charge, voltage, current, power, resistance, capacitance and inductance. Techniques of circuit analysis; Kirchhoff's Laws; nodal and mesh analysis; source transformations. Thevenin's and Norton's theorems; linearity and superposition. Transient analysis; source free R-L, R-C, and R-L-C networks; unit step forcing function; natural and forced responses. Sinusoidal steady-state analysis; the complex forcing function; phasors-complex impedance; complex power; effective values and balanced three-phase systems. Prerequisite: MATH 132. Co-requisites: PHYS 251. Offered in the Fall and Spring. One semester; three credits

**Prerequisites:** MATH 132

**Co-Requisites:** PHYS 251

**Textbook:** Irwin, J. D., Nelms, R. M. (2005) *Basic Engineering Circuit Analysis* (8<sup>th</sup> Edition), Hoboken, NJ: Wiley.

**Other Required Materials:** None

**Other References:** None

**Instructor:** John Ventura

**Course Objectives:** This course is designed to give students a solid basis in electrical circuit theory. The student acquires the ability to apply knowledge of mathematics and science to electric circuit problems.

**Prerequisites by Topics:**

1. Polar coordinates and exponential functions
2. Integration and differentiation of simple functions
3. Charges, electric fields, magnetic fields, and energy concepts

**Topics**

1. Fundamental electrical concepts
2. Charge, voltage, current power
3. Resistance, capacitance, and inductance
4. Techniques of circuit analysis
5. Kirchhoff's Laws
6. Nodal and mesh analysis
7. Source transformations
8. Thevenin's and Norton's theorems, linearity, and superposition
9. Transient analysis
10. Source free R-L, R-C, and R-L-C networks
11. Unit step forcing function, natural and forced responses
12. Sinusoidal steady-state analysis
13. Phasors-complex impedance
14. Complex power
15. Balanced three-phase systems

**Class Schedule:** Three 50-minute sessions per week

**Prepared by:**   John Ventura   **Date:**   October 19, 2005

**Professional Component:  
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Category (check one)	<input type="checkbox"/> Math/Basic Science <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Engineering <input type="checkbox"/> General Education <input type="checkbox"/> Other
Design (check one)	<input type="checkbox"/> Significant <input type="checkbox"/> Some <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None
Realistic Constraints (check all that apply)	<input type="checkbox"/> Economic <input type="checkbox"/> Environmental <input type="checkbox"/> Sustainability <input type="checkbox"/> Manufacturability <input type="checkbox"/> Ethical <input type="checkbox"/> Health & Safety <input type="checkbox"/> Social <input type="checkbox"/> Political

**Relationship to Program Outcomes:**

Check all that apply:

- (a) an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering
- (b) an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- (c) an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs
- (d) an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams
- (e) an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- (f) an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- (g) an ability to communicate effectively
- (h) the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global and societal context
- (i) a recognition of the need for and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- (j) a knowledge of contemporary issues
- (k) an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice