

PROBLEM (Page 803 #52). Three ropes are attached to a 300-pound crate. Rope A exerts a force of $\langle 10, -130, 200 \rangle$ pounds on the crate, and rope B exerts a force of $\langle -20, 180, 160 \rangle$ pounds on the crate. What force must rope C exert on the crate to move it up and to the right with a constant force of $\langle 0, 30, 20 \rangle$ pounds.

Solution

Force of rope A is $\mathbf{a} = \langle 10, -130, 200 \rangle$, rope B is $\mathbf{b} = \langle -20, 180, 160 \rangle$, rope C is $\mathbf{c} = \langle c_1, c_2, c_3 \rangle$, and the weight is $\mathbf{w} = \langle 0, 0, -300 \rangle$.

We want the net force

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} + \mathbf{w} &= \langle 0, 30, 20 \rangle \implies \\ \langle -10 + c_1, 50 + c_2, 60 + c_3 \rangle &= \langle 0, 30, 20 \rangle \implies \\ c_1 = 10, \quad c_2 = -20, \quad c_3 = -40 &\implies \\ \mathbf{c} = \langle 10, -20, -40 \rangle &\implies \|\mathbf{c}\| \approx 45.8. \end{aligned}$$

Thus rope C exerts a force of about 45.8 pounds in the direction $\langle 1, -2, -4 \rangle$.

MAPLE. See [vectorsinspace\(10.2\).mw](#) or [vectorsinspace\(10.2\).pdf](#)

3. The Dot Product

This is also often referred to as the scalar product.

In V_2 :

$$\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = \langle a_1, a_2 \rangle \cdot \langle b_1, b_2 \rangle = a_1b_1 + a_2b_2$$

In V_3 :

$$\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = \langle a_1, a_2, a_3 \rangle \cdot \langle b_1, b_2, b_3 \rangle = a_1b_1 + a_2b_2 + a_3b_3$$

EXAMPLE. If $\mathbf{a} = \langle -3, 2, 5 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{b} = \langle 3, 5, -6 \rangle$,

$$\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = \langle -3, 2, 5 \rangle \cdot \langle 3, 5, -6 \rangle = (-3)(3) + 2(5) + 5(-6) = -9 + 10 - 30 = -29$$